

18/5/21

Odm Connect Apphomework

Constitutional Design

Q1. Name the chairman of the drafting committee of the constitution of India.

Ans) Dr. BR Ambedkar is the chairman of the drafting committee of the constitution of India.

Q2. What does the word secular mean according to the Indian constitution?

Ans) In the Indian constitution, the word secular means that citizens have complete freedom to follow any religion. But there is no official religion. Government treats all religious beliefs and practices with equal respect.

Q3. Name the first captain of the Indian Hockey Team who was a member of the constituent Assembly.

Ans) Jaipal Singh is the first captain of the Indian Hockey Team who was a member of the constituent Assembly.

Q4. Why is India called Republic?

Ans) India is called as Republic because

- in India, the head of the state is the elected person i.e. the President.
- After every five years, elections are held to choose our representatives.

- also we don't have a hereditary ruler.

Q5. In which magazine did Gandhiji discuss his ideas about constitution and its workings?

Ans) In the magazine 'Young India' in 1931, Gandhiji discussed his ideas about constitution and its workings.

Q6. What is meant by the term Socialist?

Ans) According to the Indian constitution, Socialist means that wealth is generated socially and should be shared equally by society. Government should regulate the ownership of land and industry to reduce socio-economic inequalities.

Q7. What is Preamble? Explain any five major ideals enshrined in the Preamble to the Indian Constitution.

Ans) The constitution begins with a short statement of its basic values. This is called the Preamble to the constitution.

- Sovereign - People have supreme right to make decisions on internal as well as external matters. No external power can dictate the government of India.
- Socialist - wealth is generated socially and should be shared equally by society. Government should regulate the ownership of land and industry to

reduce socio-economic inequalities.

- Secular - Citizens have complete freedom to follow any religion. But there is no official religion. Government treats all religious beliefs and practices with equal respect.
- Democratic - A form of govt. where people enjoy equal political rights, elect their rulers and hold them accountable. The government is run according to some basic rules.
- Republic - The head of the state is an elected person and not a hereditary position.