

Hw  
3/7/24

# ODM CONNECT APP HOMEWORK

96

## Free Fall

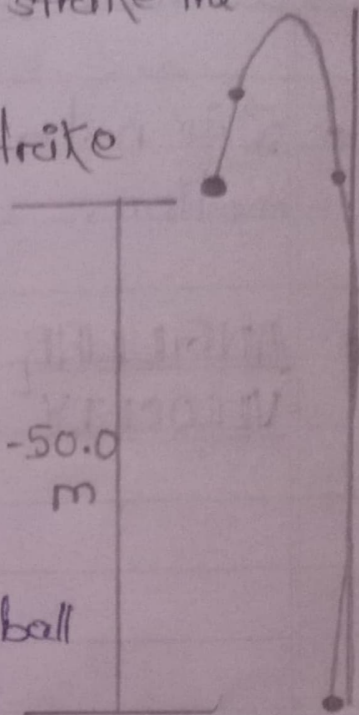
1. A ball is thrown upward with an initial velocity of  $10.0 \text{ m/s}$  from the top of a  $50.0 \text{ m}$ -tall building.
- a) with what velocity will the ball strike the ground?
- b) How long does it take the ball to strike the ground?

Ans) Given:  $y = -50.0 \text{ m}$  (displacement),  
 $v_0 = +10.0 \text{ m/s}$

Find: (a)  $v$ , (b)  $t$

The  $y$  in the kinematic equations stands for displacement from the launch point, not distance. When the ball strikes the ground, it will displace  $-50.0 \text{ m}$ , or  $50 \text{ m}$  below the launch point.

$y = -50.0 \text{ m}$



a) 
$$v^2 = v_0^2 - 2gy = (10.0 \text{ m/s})^2 - 2(9.80 \text{ m/s}^2)(-50.0 \text{ m})$$
$$= 1.08 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2$$

so 
$$v = \sqrt{1.08 \times 10^3 \text{ m}^2/\text{s}^2} = \pm 32.9 \text{ m/s}$$

The positive answer is discarded since the ball is falling when it lands (moving downward).

Therefore  $v = -32.9 \text{ m/s}$

b) From  $v = v_0 - gt$ , we have

$$t = \frac{v_0 - v}{g} = \frac{(+10.0 \text{ m/s} - (-32.9 \text{ m/s}))}{9.80 \text{ m/s}^2}$$
$$= \frac{42.9 \text{ m/s}}{9.80 \text{ m/s}^2} = 4.38 \text{ s}$$

2. A stone is dropped freely in the river from a bridge. It takes 5s to touch the water surface in the river. Calculate:

- the height of the bridge from the water level,
- the distance covered by stone in the last second ( $g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}$ )

Ans)  $u = 0, g = 9.8 \text{ m s}^{-2}, t = 5 \text{ s}$

i) From equation of motion,  $h = ut + \frac{1}{2}gt^2$ ;

$$\Rightarrow h = 0 \times 5 + \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times (5)^2 = 9.8 \times \frac{25}{2} = 122.5 \text{ m}$$

ii) Distance covered in last second,  $S_{(t)} = ut + \frac{g}{2}(2t-1)$

$$= 0 + \frac{1}{2} \times 9.8 \times (2 \times 5 - 1) = 44.1 \text{ m}$$

3. A tennis ball is struck with a racket, firing it straight upward at 22 meters per second. After how much time will it be falling at 15 meters per second?

Ans) Case 1-

Given:  $u = 22 \text{ m/s}, v = 0, g = -9.8$

To find:  $t_1$

$$\Rightarrow v = u + gt_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = 22 + (-9.8) \times t_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 = 22 - 9.8 \times t_1$$

$$\Rightarrow 9.8t_1 = 22$$

$$\Rightarrow t_1 = \frac{22}{9.8}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_1 = 2.24 \text{ sec}$$

case 2 -

$$\text{Given: } u = 0, v = 15 \text{ m/s}, g = 9.8$$

To find:  $t_2$

$$\Rightarrow v = u + gt_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 = 0 + 9.8t_2$$

$$\Rightarrow 15 = 9.8t_2$$

$$\Rightarrow t_2 = \frac{15}{9.8}$$

$$\Rightarrow t_2 = 1.53 \text{ sec}$$

$$\text{So } t = t_1 + t_2 = (2.24 + 1.53) \text{ sec}$$

$$= 3.77 \text{ sec} = 3.8 \text{ sec}$$

$\therefore$  After 3.8 sec it will be falling at 15 m/s.