

H-W

- 1) Louis XVI belongs to Bourbon family. The French revolution began in 1789.
- 2) The name of the taxes were tithes and taille.
- 3) The French revolution began in 1789.
- 4) The Bastille was hated by all because it stood for the despotic power of the king.
- 5) An extreme situation where the basic means of livelihood are endangered is known as subsistence crisis.  
Causes :-
  - growth in prices of food.
  - production was not sufficient as per the requirement.
- 6) Montesquieu proposed a division of power within the government between legislative, executive and judiciary in the spirit of the laws.

- 7) The French Society in the late 18th century was divided into three estates :-  
1) Clergy 2) Nobility 3) Peasants, artisans, merchants etc.
- 8) The Marseillaise is the name of the national anthem of France which was composed by the Poet Roget de L'Isle.
- 9) In 1848, the slavery abolished in the French colonies.
- 10) On 21 September 1792, the monarchy abolished and France declared a republic.
- 11) The immediate cause was that Louis XVI signed the constitution, he entered into secret negotiations with the King of Prussia.
- 12) On 14th July 1789, the fort of Bastille was stormed by both men and women. All the prisoners were released even though there were only 7 of them. Then the stone fragments were sold in markets to those who wished to keep it as symbol of destruction. The fort stood for the despotic power of King. After all this fights began, this event was marked as the beginning of French revolution.

- 13) Napoleon rose to power when he crowned himself as the emperor and through the rank of military dictator.
- 14) Womens were disappointed because the constitution of 1791 reduced them to passive citizens and they were not having right to vote.
- 15) Louis XVI ~~was~~ finally recognise the national assembly and accepted the principle that his powers from now on be checked by a constitution.  
4th August 1789 was significant because on this day the Assembly passed a decree abolishing the feudal system of obligations and taxes.