

③ What are the important powers of the President?

- Ans * The President invites the leader of the majority party to form the government and also appoints the Council of Ministers on the advice of the prime minister.
- * He or she appoints the governor of the states, the attorney-general, the auditor-general, the chief election commissioner, ambassadors of India to other countries, judges, and chief justices of the high courts and the Supreme Court.

Other three points of Executive powers:

- * The President is the supreme commander of the armed forces and appoints the three chiefs of the army, air force and Navy.
- * The President as head of state, can declare war or sue for peace and conclude treaties with other countries.
- * But all these powers are exercised at the discretion of the prime minister and council of Ministers.

Q1

What are the Legislative powers of President?

Ans *

- The President summons and presides over all the sessions of the Parliament and addresses the first session of the Parliament every year.
- * No bill can become a law without the president's approval and signature.
- * The President formulates ordinances when the Parliament is not in session.
- * When there is a deadlock in the Parliament over a particular bill, the President calls for a joint session.
- * The President can dissolve the Parliament over a particular ~~on~~ on the advice of the Council of Ministers.